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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR?	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/655,846	09/06/2000	Hajime Tabata	0505-0686P	9786
7590 12/11/2003			EXAMINER	
Birch Stewart Kolasch & Birch LLP			NGUYEN, HUY D	
P O Box 747 Falls Church. \	VA 22040-0747		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
,			2681	13
			DATE MAILED: 12/11/2003	3

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)			
,	09/655,846	TABATA ET AL.			
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit			
	Huy D Nguyen	2681			
The MAILING DATE of this communication ap Period for Reply	ppears on the cover sheet wi	th the correspondence address			
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPL THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a repleted in the provision of the period for reply specified above, the maximum statutory period Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statuenth of the period for reply will be period for reply will, by statuenth of the period for reply will be period for r		eply be timely filed y (30) days will be considered timely. THS from the mailing date of this communication. ANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).			
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 27	<u>October 2003</u> .				
2a) This action is FINAL . 2b) ⊠ This	s action is non-final.				
Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.					
Disposition of Claims					
4) Claim(s) 1-17 is/are pending in the application 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdra 5) Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) Claim(s) 1-17 is/are rejected. 7) Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/	awn from consideration.				
Application Papers	·				
9) The specification is objected to by the Examin	er.				
10)☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a)☐ accepted or b)☐ objected to by the Examiner.					
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).					
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the corre		, , ,			
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the E	examiner. Note the attached	Office Action or form P10-152.			
Priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120		2.440(-) (1) (0)			
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreignal All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documer 2. Certified copies of the priority documer 3. Copies of the certified copies of the pri application from the International Bureat * See the attached detailed Office action for a list 13) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domest since a specific reference was included in the first 37 CFR 1.78. a) The translation of the foreign language properties. The translation of the foreign language properties are ference was included in the first sentence of the foreign language properties.	nts have been received. Ints have been received in A ority documents have been au (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). Into of the certified copies not editic priority under 35 U.S.C. irst sentence of the specification has bestic priority under 35 U.S.C.	pplication No received in this National Stage received. § 119(e) (to a provisional application) ation or in an Application Data Sheet. een received. §§ 120 and/or 121 since a specific			
Attachment(s)					
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449) Paper No(s)	5) Notice of Ir	iummary (PTO-413) Paper No(s) Iformal Patent Application (PTO-152)			

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DETAILED ACTION

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 1. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 2. Claims 1-2, 4, 11-14 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Spector (U.S. Patent No. 6,017,049) in view of Swanson et al. (U.S. Patent No. 6,009,563) and in further view of O'Neill, Jr. (U.S. Patent No. 6,069,588).

Regarding claims 1-2, 12, Spector discloses an interactive safety helmet for a bicyclist comprising: transceiver 16 to which microphone 19 and loudspeakers 13 and 14 are connected (FIG. 3 & 5; Col. 4, lines 62-65). Spector fails to teach that the transceiver is powered by a built-in battery. Swanson et al. teach a sports safety helmet which includes an integral of transceiver and batteries (col. 4, lines 8-9). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art, at the time of the invention, to apply the teaching of having the transceiver powered by a built-in batteries as taught by Swanson et al. for convenience. The combination of Spector & Swanson et al. fail to teach a repeating apparatus mounted on vehicle for communicating with the transceiver. However, the preceding limitation is well known in the art. O'Neill, Jr. discloses an inside electronic package 110 coupling the inside portion 106a to a radiotelephone 114, and is located adjacent the inside portion 106a and remote from the radiotelephone 114. The electronic package includes a receive amplifier that amplifies RF signals that are received from the outside antenna 102 via the through-the-window coaxial coupler 106 and that provides the amplified RF

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signal to the radiotelephone 114. The electronic package also include a transmit amplifier that amplifies RF signals from the radiotelephone 114 before being passed through the coaxial coupler. The transmit amplifier raise the transmitted power from the outside antenna 102 to desired levels (FIG. 1; Col. 4, lines 40-51). Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art, at the time of the invention, to implement the teaching of O'Neill, Jr. in the combination of Spector & Swanson et al. in order to amplify the transmit/receive signals to the desired levels to maintain the signal quality and to conserve battery of transceiver 16.

Regarding claims 4, 14, the combination teaches the claimed invention except that the radio wave transceiver is removably mounted at the center of a rear portion of each helmet. It would have been an obvious matter of design choice to removably mount the transceiver anywhere on the helmet for convenience.

Regarding claim 11, the combination also teaches that radio wave transceiver 16 includes antenna 17 for transmitting/receiving radio wave signals [Spector - Col. 3, line 41].

Regarding claim 13, the combination does not mention about the battery size. However,

AAA is a standard battery size. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art, at
the time of the invention, to build battery accommodation section corresponding to cell size

AAA for convenience.

3. Claims 3, 5-10, 15-17 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Spector (U.S. Patent No. 6,017,049) in view of Swanson et al. (U.S. Patent No. 6,009,563) and O'Neill, Jr. (U.S. Patent No. 6,069,588) and in further view of Heddle et al. (U.S. Patent No. 5,703,794).

Regarding claims 3, 8, 16-17, Spector discloses an interactive safety helmet for a bicyclist comprising: transceiver 16 to which microphone 19 and loudspeakers 13 and 14 are connected (FIG. 3 & 5; Col. 4, lines 62-65). Spector fails to teach that the transceiver is powered by a built-in battery. Swanson et al. teach a sports safety helmet which includes an integral of transceiver and batteries (col. 4, lines 8-9). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art, at the time of the invention, to apply the teaching of having the transceiver powered by a built-in batteries as taught by Swanson et al. for convenience. The combination of Spector & Swanson et al. fail to teach a repeating apparatus mounted on vehicle for communicating with the transceiver. However, the preceding limitation is well known in the art. O'Neill, Jr. discloses an inside electronic package 110 coupling the inside portion 106a to a radiotelephone 114, and is located adjacent the inside portion 106a and remote from the radiotelephone 114. The electronic package includes a receive amplifier that amplifies RF signals that are received from the outside antenna 102 via the through-the-window coaxial coupler 106 and that provides the amplified RF signal to the radiotelephone 114. The electronic package also include a transmit amplifier that amplifies RF signals from the radiotelephone 114 before being passed through the coaxial coupler. The transmit amplifier raise the transmitted power from the outside antenna 102 to desired levels (FIG. 1; Col. 4, lines 40-51). Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art, at the time of the invention, to implement the teaching of O'Neill, Jr. in the combination of Spector & Swanson et al. in order to amplify the transmit/receive signals to the desired levels to maintain the signal quality and to conserve battery of transceiver 16. The combination of Spector, Swanson et al., and O'Neill, Jr. does not teach that the repeater includes a mute function and attenuates or interrupts when a sound source having higher priority order

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and another sound source having lower priority order interfere with each other. However, the preceding limitation is well known in the art. Heddle et al. discloses a method and system for mixing audio stream wherein audio streams from other applications or program modules that do not have the sound focus and are not audible. If the sound focus changes, the audio mixer mutes the audio streams from the application which had the sound focus and begins sending the audio streams from the new application that has gained the sound focus to the sound card [Col. 2, lines 32-47]. Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art, at the time of the invention, to implement the teaching of Heddle et al. within the system of the combination of Spector, Swanson et al., and O'Neill, Jr. in order to eliminate unwanted sound.

Regarding claims 5-7, 9-10, the combination also teaches that audio streams from each of the sound generators are connected to audio mixer 22. The audio mixer 22 selects the sound streams from one or more of the sound generators G1-GN and mixes those sound streams as necessary to produce an output signal. The output signal from the audio mixer 22 is connected via the system bus 15 to sound card or sound device 24 [Heddle et al. - Col. 7, lines 1-9].

Regarding claim 15, the combination fails to teach navigation system. The Examiner takes official notice that navigation system supported for movement between positions is well known in the art of communications. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art, at the time of the invention, to have navigation system supported for movement between positions as in well known in the art for convenience.

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Conclusion

4. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Huy D Nguyen whose telephone number is 703-305-3283. The examiner can normally be reached on M-F.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Sinh Tran can be reached on 703-305-4040. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is 703-305-6750.

(to)

SINH TRAN
PRIMARY EXAMINER